



in which

q is 1-5, and

R₁ is

α) -S(=O)_k-NR₆R₇, in which

k is 1 or 2,

wherein under the proviso that R₆ and R₇ cannot be simultaneously hydrogen

α1) R₆, R₇ can be identical or different from one another and represent an aliphatic, carbocyclic, heterocyclic, carbocyclic-aliphatic or heterocyclic-aliphatic radical; hydrogen or lower aliphatic acyl; or

α2) R₆ and R₇ together are an alkylene or alkenylene radical having from 3 up to and including 9 C atoms, in which 1-3 C atoms can be replaced by oxygen, sulfur or nitrogen, wherein said alkylene or alkenylene radical can be unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl or a radical -(CH₂)_y-R₁₀, in which y is 0 to 3, preferably 0 to 2, and R₁₀ is hydrogen or phenyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by halogen, halogen lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, hydroxy, lower alkoxy-carbonyl, amino, lower alkylamino, di-lower alkylamino, carbamoyl, lower alkylcarbamoyl, carboxyl, methylenedioxy or cyano, or

β) N-(aryl lower alkyl)carbamoyl, or

γ) a radical of the formula -NH-S(=O)_i-R₈, in which

i is 1 or 2,

R₈ is an aliphatic, carbocyclic or heterocyclic radical; or

δ) a radical of the formula -NH-C(=O)-R₉, in which